N.C.P.I.—Crim 208.60 ASSAULT INFLICTING SERIOUS INJURY. MISDEMEANOR. REPLACEMENT JUNE 2017 N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-33(c)(1)

208.60 ASSAULT INFLICTING SERIOUS INJURY. MISDEMEANOR.

NOTE WELL: Use N.C.P.I. 208.72 if the defendant, during the course of the assault, inflicts serious bodily injury or uses a deadly weapon on a person with whom the defendant has a personal relationship, in front of a minor.

The defendant has been charged with assault inflicting serious injury.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove two things beyond a reasonable doubt:

<u>First</u>, that the defendant assaulted the victim by intentionally<sup>1</sup> (and without justification or excuse)<sup>2</sup> (*describe assault*).

And Second, that the defendant inflicted serious injury<sup>3</sup> upon the victim.

NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use N.C.P.I.—Crim. 308.40 or 308.45, as appropriate.

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the defendant intentionally assaulted the victim inflicting serious injury by (*describe assault*), (nothing else appearing)2 it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or both of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.<sup>4</sup>

NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use mandate from N.C.P.I.—Crim. 308.40 or 308.45, as appropriate.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup> If a definition of intent is required, see N.C.P.I.—Crim. 120.10.

<sup>2</sup> The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is some evidence of justification or excuse, such as self-defense.

<sup>3</sup> Serious injury may be defined as "such physical injury as causes great pain and suffering." See S. v. Jones, 258 N.C. 89 (1962), and S. v. Ferguson, 261 N.C. 558 (1964).

If there is evidence as to injuries which could not conceivably be considered anything but serious, the trial judge may instruct the jury as follows: "(Describe injury) would be a

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serious injury." S. v. Johnson, 320 N.C. 746, 751 (1987).

- 4 If there is to be instruction on lesser included offenses, the last phrase should be: ". . . you will not return a verdict of guilty of assault inflicting serious injury."
- 5 Including self-defense in the mandate is required by  $S.\ v.\ Dooley,\ 285\ N.C.\ 158$  (1974).